

# Indian Minerals Yearbook 2016



(Part- I)

55<sup>th</sup> Edition

# STATE REVIEWS (Meghalaya)

(FINAL RELEASE)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF MINES INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES

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# **MEGHALAYA**

### **Mineral Resources**

Coal and limestone are the only major minerals mined in the State. Coal occurs in Mikir Hills, Khasi Hills, Jaintia Hills and Garo Hills districts. Resources of **limestone** occur in West Garo Hills. East Khasi Hills, West Khasi Hills and Jaintia Hills districts. Other mineral occurrences are apatite in Jaintia Hills district; china clay in East Garo Hills & West Garo Hills, Jaintia Hills & East Khasi Hills districts; copper, lead-zinc, silver and titanium minerals in East Khasi Hills district; felspar and rock phosphate in East Garo Hills & Jaintia Hills districts; fireclay in East Khasi Hills & West Garo Hills districts; granite in West Khasi Hills district; iron ore (magnetite) in East Garo Hills district; quartz and silica sand in East Garo Hills, West Garo Hills & East Khasi Hills districts; and sillimanite in West Khasi Hills district (Table -1). The various coalfields and their reserves/ resources in the State are given in Table-2.

## **Exploration & Development**

Details of exploration activities conducted

by GSI for bauxite, limestone and titanium/ vanadium mierals and MECL for limestone mineral during 2015-16 are furnished in Table - 3.

#### Production

The total estimated value of mineral production (excludes atomic mineral ) in Meghalaya at ₹ 2,122 crore in 2015-16 increased by 40% as compared to that in the previous year. About 88% of the total value of mineral production was accrued from coal during the year under review, whereas the remaining was contributed mainly by limestone (Table - 4).

The value of production of minor minerals was estimated at ₹ 721 lakh for the year 2015-16.

There were 16 reporting mines in 2015-16 as against 17 in the previous years.

# **Mineral-based Industry**

The present status of each mineral-based industry is not readily available. However, the important mineral-based industries in the organised sector in the State are given in Table - 5.

				(In million tonnes)
Coalfield	Proved	Indicated	Inferred	Total
Total	89.04	16.51	470.93	576.48
West Darangiri	65.40	-	59.60	125.00
East Darangiri	-	-	34.19	34.19
Balphakram-Pendenguru	-	-	107.03	107.03
Siju	-	-	125.00	125.00
Langrin	10.46	16.51	106.19	133.16
Mawtong Shelia	2.17	-	3.83	6.00
Khasi Hills	-	-	10.10	10.10
Bapung	11.01	-	22.65	33.66
Jaintia Hills	-	-	2.34	2.34

#### Table - 2: Reserves/Resources of Coal as on 1.4.2016: Meghalaya

Source: Coal Directory of India, 2015-16.

			Reserve	s					Remaining	g resources				Ē
Mineral	Unit .	Proved	Probai	ble	Total	Feasibility	Pre-fea	asibility	Measured	Indicated	Inferred R	econnaissar	nce Total	resources
		111/110	STD121	STD122	(Y)	117/110	STD221	STD222	100010	200010	cccute	400U10	(g)	(A+B)
Apatite	tonne	1	,	1	1		,	,	,	1	1300000	1	1300000	1300000
China clay <sup>#</sup>	'000 tonnes	1	ı	ı	ı	ı		·	1200	6266	76242	5167	88875	88875
Copper	0									0			0	0
Ore	'000 tonnes	'	ı	•	•	I	ı	I	I	880	ı	I	880	880
Metal	'000 tonnes	1	I	ı	ı	I	ı	I	ı	6	I	ı	6	6
Feldspar <sup>#</sup>	tonne	'	I	,	'	ı	ı	I	ı	I	37449	ı	37449	37449
Fire clay <sup>#</sup>	'000 tonnes	1		'	·				·		10999	'	10999	10999
Granite <sup>##</sup>														
(Dimension														
Stone)	'000 cum	'	I					·	'	I	ı	286467	286467	286467
Iron ore														
(Haematite)	'000 tonnes	1	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	I	225	T	225	225
Iron ore														
(Magnetite)	'000 tonnes	1	I	'	'	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	3380	ı	3380	3380
Lead-Zinc														
Ore	'000 tonnes	1	ı	1	'	·		ı	·	880	ı	ı	880	880
Lead metal	'000 tonnes	1	I	,	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	16.5	I	ı	16.5	16.5
Zinc metal	'000 tonnes	1	ı	'	'	ı	·	ı	ı	14	ı		14	14
Limestone	'000 tonnes	135836	87904	1822	225562	68457	39289	46200	464670	2811179	14048758	- 1	17478553 1	7704116
Quartz-														
Silica sand <sup>#</sup>	'000 tonnes	1	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	177	6906	ı	7083	7083
Rock														
Phosphate	tonne	1	I	1	1	ı		ı	·	I	1311035	ı	1311035	1311035
Sillimanite	tonne	1	I	,	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	I	55807	ı	55807	55807
Silver														
Ore	tonne	'	ı	'	'					880000	'		880000	880000
Metal	tonne	'	ı	'	'	ı			'	19.8	ı	ı	19.8	19.8
Titanium														
minerals	tonne	ı		'	'		ı	ı	·	3345000		'	3345000	3345000

Table - 1: Reserves/Resources of Minerals as on 01-04-2015: Meghalaya

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Figures rounded off. # Declared as minor mineral vide Gazette notification dated 10.02.2015. ##: Minor minerals before Notification.

Agency/	Location	Ma	pping	Dril	ling	Sampling	Remarks
Mineral/ District		Scale	Area (sq km)	No. of boreholes	Meterage	(No.)	Reserves/Resources estimated
GSI Bauxite West Khasi Hills	SW of Nongstoin area	1: 12500	50.0	-	-	105	G-4 stage preliminary investigation for bauxite by reconnaissance survey and large-scale mapping has been carried out in this area. Laterisation is extensive over biotite gneiss, while lateritic bauxite capping occurs over garnetiferous sillimanite gneiss and sillimanite gneiss. Extensive bauxitisation occurs in sillimanite gneiss and the rock has become white having friable nature. Limonitisation and clay pockets are also observed within the lateritic profiles. Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> varies from 51.43% to 30.10% (average 36.20%), maximum being
							(average to be of the sillimanite gneiss.) Petrographic study of the garnetiferous sillimanite gneiss reveals extensive alteration of the long sillimanite needles, occurrence of ramifying veins of ferruginous materials and sinistral rotation of garnet porphyroblasts due to shearing. Sillimanite gneiss extends towards western part of the mapped area. Ga content varies from 41 ppm to 93 ppm (average 58 ppm, background value 15 ppm), which indicates potentiality of this strategic metal in lateritic bauxite capping.
	Rambrai area	1: 12500	1.55	15	417.65		G-3 stage investigation of lateritic bauxite around Rambrai area has been covered by detailed mapping and drilling. The lateritic bauxite observed in the area is buff and brick red in colour. Pisolitic structure is also observed at many places. Three main bodies of laterite were identified in the area having the dimensions (600 m × 100-400 m), (400 m × 100-200 m) and 100 m × 50-100 m. Besides these three main bodies, one small patch was also identified near body-5 of the area. All the three major bauxite bodies are developed over granite gneiss, norite/ metanorite and sheared amphibolites. Thickness of the complete profile of lateritic bauxite is about 8-10 m. All the fifteen boreholes intersected significant mineralised zones. Thickness of ore bodies in boreholes varies from a minimum of 6.90 m (BR- 17) to a maximum of 14.50 m (BR-2), the average thickness being 10.61 m. Analytical result shows that Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> content varies from 41.34 wt% to 58.99 wt%. Cr, Sc and Ga also show encouraging values with an average value of 1083 ppm, 83 ppm and 64 ppm, respectively. (Contd)

# Table – 3: Details of Exploration Activities in Meghalaya, 2015-16

Agency/ Mineral/	Location	Ma	pping Area	Dril No. of	ling Meterage	Sampling	Remarks Reserves/Resources estimated
District		Seule	(sq km)	boreholes		(110.)	est test a contract estimated
Limestone East Jainta Hills	Shyrwang block Litang Valley	_	3.0	- 1	1816.75	-	G-2 stage detailed investigation of limestone in Shyrwang Block has been covered by detailed mapping and drilled till the end of March, 2016. The area under investigation exposes huge thickness of Prang Limestone of cement grade classified as Cement (Blendable/ Beneficiable), Cement (Portland) and SMS (OH) grade. The Upper Sylhet Limestone which is the most important limestone horizon, from the point of view of thickness and economic potentiality, varies in thickness from 14.45 to 120.40 m as intersected in the boreholes with average thickness of 94.57 m.
Jaintia Hills	Um-Maju block west of Litang River	-	1.5	-	918.0	-	G-2 stage detailed investigation of limestone in Um-Maju Block has been covered by detailed mapping and drilling. The Upper Sylhet Limestone (Prang Limestone) which is the most important limestone horizon varies in thickness from 52.00 m to 69.70 m with an average thickness of 58.64 m as intersected in ten boreholes. Additionally, Middle Sylhet Limestone (Umlatdoh Limestone) underlying Upper Sylhet Limestone (Prang Limestone) varies in thickness from 11.65 m to 15.55 m with an average thickness of 13.74 m. The Upper Sylhet Limestone (Prang Limestone) is classified into Cement (Portland), SMS (OH), Chemical and SMS (LD) grades and the Middle Sylhet Limestone (Umlatdoh Limestone) is classified into Cement (Portland), and SMS (OH) grades.

Table-3 (Contd.)

(Contd)

Agency/	Location	M	apping	Dril	ling	Sampling	g Remarks
District		Scale	Area (sq km)	No. of boreholes	Meterage	(NO.)	Keserves/Kesources estimated
Jaintia Hills	Jalaphet - block, Litang river		1.5	-	902.0	-	G-2 stage detailed investigation of limestone in Jalaphet Block, has been covered by detailed mapping & drilling. The area under investigation exposes huge thickness of Prang Limestone; the thickness varies from 23.70 m to 111.50 m with an average thickness of 70.57 m. According to the 'End user classification' the limestone was classified as Cement (Portland) grade, Cement (Blendable) grade, SMS (OH) grade.
REE/RM Jaintia Hills & Ri-Bhoi	Bhoilymbong & area between Mynsynghat- Nartiang	-	50.0	-	-	-	G-4 stage reconnaissance investigation for evaluation of potentiality of REE has been carried out by large-scale mapping till March, 2016. On the basis of available analytical results, REE enrichment is shown by megacrystic hornblende biotite as well as two-mica leucogranite. The REE results of the samples are awaited.
Titanium & Vanadium West Khasi Hills	Around 1: 12 Myniar area	2500	51.0	-	-	-	G-4 stage investigation of titaniferous-vanadiferous magnetite has been carried out by large-scale mapping. Three main types of lithounits which were noticed in the area are granitic gneisses, porphiritic granite, norite, metanorite and granite.

Table-3 (Contd.)

(Contd)

Table-3 (Contd.)

Mineral/	Scale					
District	Scale	Area	No. of	Meterage	(No.)	Reserves/Resources estimated
District		(sq km)	boreholes			
						The five magnetite bodies delineated
						in the area were developed over granite
						gneiss and one over porphyritic
						granite. The outcrops of magnetite are
						bouldery in nature, strewn along
						hilltops and hill slopes. Six magnetite
						bodies of different dimensions were
						delineated by large scale mapping:
						I-(100 m × 70 m),
						II-(80 m × 50 m),
						III-(15 m × 12 m),
						IV-(8 m × 11 m),
						V-(7 m $\times$ 8 m) and
						VI-(350 m × 200 m).
						Analytical results of BRS samples
						received so far indicate the following
						results: I-Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> : (67.83% average)
						TiO <sub>2</sub> : (15.21% average), Vanadium
						(6101.84 ppm average), Cr: (11093.8
						ppm average). II-Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> : (65.76 %
						average), TiO <sub>2</sub> : (17.03% average)
						Vanadium: (6902.5 ppm average), Cr
						(6947.25 ppm average). III-Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
						(65.41average), TiO <sub>2</sub> : (15.23%
						average), Vanadium: (5848 ppn
						average), Cr: (9974 ppm average). IV
						Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> : (64.70 % average), TiO <sub>2</sub>
						(16.80% average), Vanadium: (6794.2
						ppm average), Cr: (6440 ppm average
						V-Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> : (65.53average), TiO <sub>2</sub>
						(17.46% average, Cr: (5417 ppn
						average) VI- Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> : (65.06% average)
						TiO <sub>2</sub> : (15.54% average), Vanadium
						(6484 ppm average), Cr: (7479 ppm
						average.
						· <i>G</i> · ·

(Contd)

Agency/	Location	Ma	pping	Dı	rilling	Sampling	Remarks
Mineral/		Scale	Area	No. of	Meterage	(No.)	Reserves/Resources estimated
District			(sq km)	borehole	S		
MECL Limestone Meghalaya							
Jainta Hills	West of Litang RiverValley	1:5000	3.00	10	1348.00	969	Objective of exploration was i)To de- lineate the depth continuity by drill- ing boreholes at 300 m x 200 m grid interval. ii) To estimate category-wise geological resources & quality to bring the deposit from 332 to 331. iii)Technological/beneficiation, char- acteristic of limestone. The block is covered by rock types of Kopili formaion and prang limestone of Jaitia group of Tertiary age. The outcrop of this formation were observed in the western and north western part of the block. The limestone is a bedded de- posit having strike N 150 E-S 150 W to NE-SW & dip varying from 20 to 50. About 477 million tonnes of lime- stone reserves/resources were esti- mated

# Table - 4: Mineral Production in Meghalaya, 2013-14 to 2015-16 (Excluding Atomic Minerals)

									(Valu	le in ₹ '000)
			2013-1	4		2014-	15		2015-1	16 (P)
Mineral	Unit	No. of mines	Qty	Value	No. of mines	Qty	Value	No. of mines	Qty	Value
All Minerals		14		40391047	17		15142157	16		21218264
Coal	'000t	-	5732	37974500	3	2524	12670500	3	3712	18634200
Limestone Minor	'000t	14	3616	2344472	14	3691	2399582	13	3847	2511989
Minerals <sup>@</sup>	-	-	-	72075	-	-	72075	-		72075

Table-3 (Concld.)

Note: The number of mines excludes minor minerals. \*Associate with limestone. @ Figures for earlier years have been repeated as estimates, wherever necessary, because of non-receipt of data.

Industry/plant	Capacity
	('000 tpy)
Cement Adhunik Cement (Subsidiary of Dalmia Cement), Distt. Jaintia Hills.	1500
Amrit Cement Industries Ltd, Khleriat, Distt. Jaintia Hills.	1000
Cement Manufacture Co. Ltd, Lumshnong, Distt. Jaintia Hills.	600
Green Valley Industries, Nongsning, Distt. Jaintia Hills.	1000
JUD Cement Ltd, Norpuh, Distt. Jaintia Hills.	500
Mawmluh Cherra Cements Ltd, Cherrapunjee, Distt. East Khasi Hills.	210
Meghalaya Cements Ltd, Thangskai, Distt. Jaintia Hills.	650
Megha Technical & Engineering (P) (Subsidiary of CMCL), Lumshnong, Distt. Jaintia Hills.	670
<b>Ferro-alloys</b> Jaintia Ferro Alloys Pvt. Ltd, Byrnihat.	6
Maithan Alloys Ltd, Ribhoi.	15 MVA
Nalari Ferro alloys Pvt Ltd, Norbhog.	11
Khasi alloys Pvt Ltd, EPIP Meghalaya.	4.1
<b>Iron &amp; Steel</b> Jai Kamakhya Alloy Pvt Ltd	815 tpd

# Table – 5 : Principal Mineral-based Industries in Meghalaya

Note: Data, not readily available for cement industries on respective websites, is taken from Survey of Cement Industry & Directory, 2016.