

Indian Minerals Yearbook 2022

(Part-III: Mineral Reviews)

61st Edition

MINOR MINERALS 30.17 OCHRE

(ADVANCE RELEASE)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF MINES INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES

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30-17 Ochre

Ohre is a natural mineral pigment known to mankind from ages. In ancient times it had been used in colouring earthen-ware, household utensils and for decorative purposes. Though its use dates back to prehistoric times, ochre's use only became widespread in the late 19th century, when Jean-Etienne Astier of Roussilon introduced the industrial process for making ochre pigment.

It occurs in various shades and colours generally ranging from yellow to deep orange or brown. The pigmentary strength of ochre is mainly due to the presence of oxides of iron. The presence of hydrated iron oxide imparts yellow colour and anhydrous iron oxide red. A mixture of ferrous and ferric oxide imparts mainly brown besides other shades.

Depending upon the colour, the ochres are called red ochre, yellow ochre, green earth, sienna, umber and various other names. In addition to red ochre, the red oxide of iron, commonly called 'red oxide' is an important natural pigment which results from alteration of haematite and ferruginous laterite.

Red ochre is mostly used in Cement Industry. The Cement Grade mix raw material requires a minimum quantum of iron and alumina. The red ochre mixed with limestone makes a perfect mix of constituents in the raw material fed to the cement manufacturing units.

Ochres are non-toxic and are used in manufacturing of paints that not only dries quickly but also covers surfaces thoroughly. Occurrences of ochre have been reported from several States in the country.

RESERVES/RESOURCES

Deposits of red ochre are found chiefly in Bharatpur, Bhilwara, Bikaner, Chittorgarh & Udaipur districts in Rajasthan; Gwalior, Katni and Rewa districts in Madhya Pradesh; Anantapur, Kadapa, Visakhapatnam districts in Andhra Pradesh; Bhavnagar, Kachchh & Patan districts in Gujarat; Ballari & Bidar districts in Karnataka and Chandrapur district in Maharashtra.

Deposits of yellow ochre are found in Guntur & Kurnool districts in Andhra Pradesh; Jabalpur, Mandla, Satna & Shahdol districts in Madhya Pradesh; and Nagpur district in Maharashtra.

The total reserves/resources of ochre as on 1.4.2015 as per the NMI data, based on UNFC system, has been estimated at 167.79 million tonnes. Out of these resources, about 36.93 million tonnes are under 'Reserves' category and 130.86 million tonnes are under 'Remaining Resources' category. Of the total, about 87% resources are of red ochre, 11% are of yellow ochre and the remaining 2% are of grades "Not-known". About 78% resources are concentrated in Rajasthan, followed by Madhya Pradesh 11%, Andhra Pradesh 7% and Gujarat about 2%. The remaining 2% resources are located in Karnataka, Maharashtra, Jharkhand and Uttar Pradesh (Table-1).

PRODUCTION

As per Govt of India Notification S.O. 423(E), dated 10th February 2015, 'ochre' has been declared as 'Minor Mineral', hence the producers report the production data directly to the respective States and not to IBM. However, efforts were made to collect this information through correspondence with the State Directorates of Mining and Geology of individual States or visiting their websites. But data of only a few States could be collected. All possible information/data that could be gathered has been presented in this Review.

Table – 1: Reserves/Resources of Ochre as on 1.4.2015 (By Grades/States)

		Res	Reserves					Remaining	; Resources				F
Grade/State	Proved	Pro	Probable	Total	Feasibility	Pre-fea	Pre-feasibility	Measured	Indicated	Inferred	Reconnaissance	T	Resources
	STD111	STD121	STD122	()	STD211	STD221	STD222	STD331	STD332	STD333	STD334	(B)	(A+B)
All India: Total	21959552	4448341 10525912	10525912	36933805 44924890	44924890	13936202 31896176	31896176	2559245	3560819	32369262	1612607	130859201	130859201 167793006
By Grades													
Red Ochre	16332257	4448341	9775941	30556539 43386327	43386327	12810591 28564110	28564110	1922633	1316886	25711807	1610486	115322840	115322840 145879380
Yellow Ochre	5626356	•	75802	5702158	1404292	912286	1796007	596612	2071612	5528926	2121	12311856	12311856 18014014
Not-known	939	ı	674169	675108	134271	213324	1536059	40000	172321	1128529	•	3224505	3899613
By States													
Andhra Pradesh	5284990	•	64602	5349592	1404230	430231	1087353	347681	•	3596595	2121	6868210	12217802
Chhattisgarh	1	•	•	'	ı	142	•	1	ı	•	1	142	142
Gujarat	37862	ı	75703	113565	•	32699	4303		•	3016066	1	3053068	3166633
Jharkhand	•	•	•	•	62	1	4		147	•	1	214	214
Karnataka	1	ı	•	•	ı	1	1766367	•	ı	•	20000	1786367	1786367
Madhya Pradesh	1605342	194757	194757 1895247	3695346	681904	1653225	5402710	356344	2577575	3732142	749250	15153150	18848495
Maharashtra	22260	ı	16000	38260	1	1	156740	6010	6010	286000	ı	454760	493020
Rajasthan	15009099	4253584	8474360	27737043 42838694	42838694	11819905 23478699	23478699	1824210	942087	21728459	841236	103473290 131210333	131210333
Uttar Pradesh	'	1	•	1	'	'	1	25000	35000	10000	'	70000	70000

Figures rounded off.

Statewise production of ochre (Andhra Pradesh – yellow ochre, Gujarat – red ochre). during 2019-20 to 2021-22 is furnished in Table-2.

Table-2: State-wise Production of Ochre

(In tonnes)

State	Year		
	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Rajasthan	2886000	2807157	42601
Andhra Pradesh	54000	46276	-
Gujarat	-	-	-

Source: As received from State DGMs and their websites. Note: " - " NA

EXPLORATION & DEVELOPMENT

The exploration & development details, if any, are covered in the Review on "Exploration & Development" under "General Reviews".

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Ochre is being used as natural pigment since ancient times and it is still being used for this purpose. India has huge resources of both yellow and red ochre. It is mostly produced in Andhra Pradesh, Rajasthan, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra. It is extensively used in Paint and Colour Industry and Indian resources are large enough to last for many years in future.