



**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**  
**MINISTRY OF MINES**  
**INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES**  
**O/O REGIONAL CONTROLLER OF MINES, JABALPUR**

**Violation Letter****Email/Post****To,**

**Shri Pawan Pandey (Lease holder),**  
 10, Singhai Colony, District - Katni (M.P.) – 485001  
 E-mail – guptavijay2017@gmail.com

**Sub: -** Violation of provisions of Mineral Conservation and Development Rules, 2017 in respect of your **Nanhwara Limestone Mine** over an extent of **2.10 hectares** (Mine Code 38MPR47092) situated in village Nanhwara, Tehsil – Badwara, District Katni of Madhya Pradesh State.

Sir,

Following provisions of MCDR, 2017 were found violated in your above mine during the inspection by Shri Akash Arun Mittarwar, Assistant Mining Engineer on 18/10/2024 in the presence of Shri Vijay Gupta (Mines Representative) & Shri Umesh Kushwaha (Mining Engineer) as follows:-

Rule No	Nature of violation observed in detail
11(1)	<p>No holder of a mining lease shall commence or carry out mining operations in any area except in accordance with the mining plan approved, modified or reviewed by the Indian Bureau of Mines or prepared and certified in accordance with the system established by the State Government pursuant to the proviso to clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 5 or approved by the competent authority of the Atomic Minerals Directorate for Exploration and Research, in respect of minerals specified in Part B of the First Schedule to the Act where the grade of such atomic minerals is equal to or above the threshold value limits declared under Schedule-A of the Atomic Minerals Concession Rules, 2016.</p> <p>The Review of Mining Plan of above mentioned mine was approved vide letter No.-MP/Katni/Limestone/RMP-70/2020-21 dated 07/07/2021 incorporating proposal of working from the period 2021-22 to 2025-26 having validity up to 31/03/2026; during the inspection following violations were observed: -</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. Exploration work of 6 bore holes carried out during the year 2022-23 but, Form-J along with Chemical analysis test reports are not submitted.</b></li> <li><b>2. It was proposed to generate 4230 cubic meter of OB/waste during the year 2023-24 but, only 2790 cubic meter of OB/waste is generated; therefore, distorting the stripping ratio.</b></li> </ol>
12	<p>(4B) For the exploration done under sub-rule (3) and (4), the holder of mining lease shall submit to the State Government and the Indian Bureau of Mines, a Geological Study Report prepared in the manner specified in the Minerals (Evidence of Mineral Contents) Rules, 2015, within three months after the completion of the exploration work.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>• Exploration carried out during the year 2022-23 but, Geological Study Report is not submitted.</b></li> </ul>

26(2)	<p>The holder of mining lease shall submit to the competent authority a yearly report as per the format specified by the Indian Bureau of Mines, before 1st day of July every year [along with annual return] setting forth the extent of protective and rehabilitative works carried out as envisaged in the approved mine closure plan, and if there is any deviation, reasons thereof: -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>PMCP report is not furnished in the submitted Annual Return for the year 2023-24.</b></li> </ul>
33	<p>The holder of a mining lease shall, on or before the 30th day of June every year submit to the authorized Officer, as the case may be, and the State Government, a digital copy along with a print copy of the surface geological plans and sections maintained under rule 32.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Copies of plans and sections under rule 32 of MCDR-2017 have not been submitted.</b></li> </ul>
34A	<p><b>Digital aerial images of mining lease area.</b>— (1) Every lessee having— (a) an annual excavation plan of one million tonne or more in a particular year; or (b) leased area of fifty hectare or more, shall carry out a drone survey of the leased area and up to hundred metres outside the lease boundary in the month of April or May every year and submit the processed output [digital elevation model (DEM) and Orthomosaic] images obtained from such survey or any other format as may be specified by the Indian Bureau of Mines in this regard to the Controller General on or before 1st day of July every year.</p> <p>(2) Every lessee, other than those covered under sub-rule (1), shall submit soft copy of high resolution Georeferenced Ortho-rectified Multispectral satellite images of the leased area and up to hundred metres outside the lease boundary taken in the month of April to June of every year, to the Controller General on or before 1st day of July of the that year in the standards formats such as GeoTIFF along with metadata or any other format as may be specified by the Indian Bureau of Mines in this regard:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Satellite images of the leased area for the year 2023-24 is not submitted in Drone Data Management System portal yet.</b></li> </ul>
45(7)	<p>If it is found that the holder of a mineral concession or the person or company engaged in trading or storage or end-use or export or import of minerals, as the case may be, has submitted incomplete or wrong or false information in monthly or annual returns or fails to submit a return within the date specified;-</p> <p><b>Refer PART-I Upload Document-</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>In submitted Annual return of 2023-24, KML/KMZ file is not uploaded having features/ attributes like boundary pillar, ML boundary, barrier zone, dump, stack, pit, backfilling etc. in polygon representing the reporting year development and cumulative land use details.</b></li> <li>2. <b>Balance resources as on 31/3/2023 as mentioned in Annual return of 2022-23 is not matching with the Reserves and Resources at the beginning of the year as on 01/04/2023 as mentioned in Annual return of 2023-34 in table 2 of PART-V (General Geology &amp; Mining).</b></li> <li>3. <b>Production reported during the financial year 2023 – 2024 is mentioned as 3350 tonnes in table 3(ii) of Part-VI but, depletion of reserves during the year 2023-24 is mentioned as 10080 tonne in table 2 of PART-V (General Geology &amp; Mining) which is contradictory and misleading.</b></li> </ol>

2. In this connection, it is brought to your notice that the above violations constitute an offence punishable under Rule 62 of Mineral Conservations and Development Rules, 2017.

3. The mining operations can be suspended under the rule 11(2) of MCDR-2017, if compliance of rule 11(1) of MCDR-2017 read with MCDR-2021 (Amendment) if, not found satisfactory.
4. The mining operations can be suspended under the rule 45(7) of MCDR-2017, if compliance of rule 45(7) of MCDR-2017 read with MCDR-2021 (Amendment) if, not found satisfactory.
5. You are advised to rectify the violations of above-mentioned rules immediately and intimate the position to this office within **45 (Forty-Five) days** from the date of issue of this letter.

Yours faithfully,

**(Robert Simon C)**  
**Assistant Controller of Mines,**  
**For Regional Controller of Mines**  
**Indian Bureau of Mines, Jabalpur**

Copy for kind information to:-

1. The Director of Geology & Mining, Govt. of Madhya Pradesh, Khanij Bhavan, 29-A, Arera Hills, Bhopal (M.P.) for information and further necessary action please.
2. The Controller of Mines (CZ). IBM, Nagpur.
3. The Director (Statistics), Mining and Mineral Statistics Division, Indian Bureau of Mines, Nagpur.
4. The District Collector, Katni (M.P.)

**(Robert Simon C)**  
**Assistant Controller of Mines,**  
**For Regional Controller of Mines**  
**Indian Bureau of Mines, Jabalpur**